

Erratum Doi 10.5943/ajom/8/1/1

Erratum to: Novel *Botryosphaeriaceae* records associated with epiphytic plants from South China

Hua Li et al. 2024 – Erratum to: Novel *Botryosphaeriaceae* records associated with epiphytic plants from South China.

Erratum to: Asian Journal of Mycology 7(1): 1–2 (2025), Doi 10.5943/ajom/8/1/1

The original publication contains the following errors: The herbarium numbers of this publication overlap with the Dong et al. (2023). To rectify this mistake, we updated the herbarium numbers in the material examination section of all reported species in this study as follows:

On page 108, the herbarium number in the 'Material examined' should be updated as follows:

Material examined – China, Guangdong Province, Zhaoqing City, Dinghu Mountain, on healthy leaves of *Lemmaphyllum microphyllum* (*Polypodiaceae*), November 8, 2022, Li Hua (MHKU 23-0282, dried culture), living cultures ZHKUCC 23-0810, ZHKUCC 23-0811, and ZHKUCC 23-0812.

On page 109, the herbarium number in the 'Material examined' should be updated as follows:

Material examined – China, Guangdong Province, Zhaoqing City, Dinghu Mountain, on healthy leaves of *Lemmaphyllum microphyllum* (*Polypodiaceae*), November 8, 2022, Li Hua (MHKU 23-0281, dried culture), living culture ZHKUCC 23-0813, ZHKUCC 23-0814.

On page 112, the herbarium number in the 'Material examined' should be updated as follows:

Material examined – China, Guangdong Province, Zhaoqing City, Dinghu Mountain, on healthy leaves of *Ficus pumila* (*Moraceae*), November 8, 2022, Li Hua (MHKU 23-0284, dried culture), living cultures ZHKUCC 23-0815, ZHKUCC 23-0816, and ZHKUCC 23-0817.

On page 113, the note and material examined part should be updated as follows:

Lasiodiplodia theobromae (Pat.) Griffon & Maubl., Bull. trimest. Soc. Mycol. Fr. 25: 57 (1909). Fig. 7

Known distribution – Cosmopolitan (Farr & Rossman 2024).

Material examined – China, Guangdong Province, Zhaoqing City, Dinghu Mountain, on healthy leaves of *Lemmaphyllum microphyllum* (*Polypodiaceae*), November 8, 2022, Li Hua (MHKU 23-0285, dried culture), living cultures ZHKUCC 23-0818, and ZHKUCC 23-0819.

Notes – Based on multi-locus molecular phylogeny, our isolate of *L. theobromae* (ZHKUCC 23-0818, and ZHKUCC 23-0819) clustered with *L. theobromae* type strain (CBS 164.96) (99% ML and 0.98 BPP) (Figure. 5). The conidial measurements were slightly larger in the type specimen CBS 164.96 ($26.2-27 \times 14-14.4 \mu m$) compared to our strains ($23-30 \times 11.5-18 \mu m$) (Alves et al. 2008). The culture characteristics slightly deviated in colour. The ex-type culture (CBS 164.96) was initially white, becoming black with age and reverse smoke grey in patches, whereas our strains initially showed a white surface becoming dark olive-green to grey with age and reverse

initially white turning leek green when mature. The base pair comparison between these two strains was 100% similar in ITS and 98.8% similar in the tefl- α gene. Herein, we identified our isolates as L. theobromae, which is the first record from $Lemmaphyllum\ microphyllum$.

On page 114 "Material examined" should be changed as follows:

Material examined – China, Guangdong Province, Zhaoqing City, Dinghu Mountain, on healthy leaves of *Lemmaphyllum microphyllum* (*Polypodiaceae*), November 8, 2022, Li Hua (MHKU 23-0286, dried culture), living cultures ZHKUCC 23-0820, ZHKUCC 23-0821, ZHKUCC 23-0822.

Other materials examined – China, Guangdong Province, Zhaoqing City, Dinghu Mountain, on healthy leaves of *Ficus pumila*, November 8, 2022, Li Hua (MHKU 23-0287, dried culture), living culture ZHKUCC 23-0823, ZHKUCC 23-0824.