Thesis Title Chemical Constituents of *Oroxylum indicum* (L.) Vent.,

Antibacterial and Antioxidation Properties

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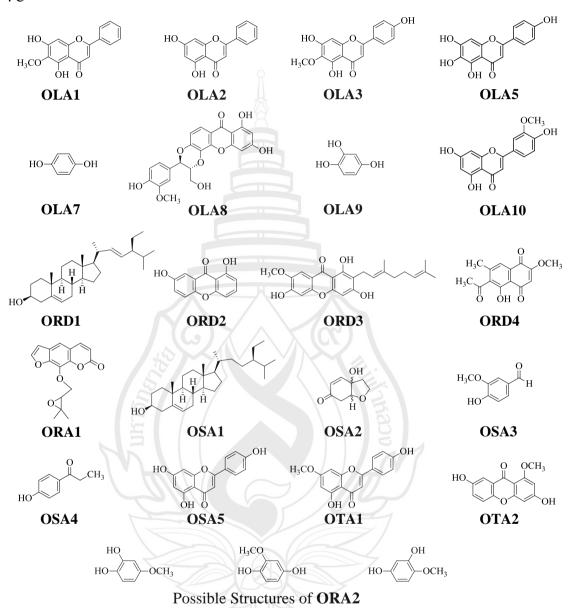
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ABSTRACT

The studies of chemical constituents from leaves, roots, stems, and twigs of Oroxylum indicum (L.) Vent. using chromatographic seperation led to twenty one compounds; OLA1 (oroxylin A), OLA2 (chrysin), OLA3 (hispidulin), OLA5 (scutellarein), OLA7 (hydroquinone), OLA8 (5'-demethoxycadensin G), OLA9 (hydroxyquinol), OLA10 (chrysoeriol), ORD1 (stigmasterol), ORD2 (euxanthone), **ORD3** (cowaxanthone), ORD4 (orientalone), ORA1 (heraclenin), (β-sitosterol), OSA2 (rengyolone), OSA3 (vanillin), OSA4 (1-(4-hydroxyphenyl) propan-1-one), OSA5 (apigenin), OTA1 (genkwanin), OTA2 (3,7-dihydroxy-1methoxyxanthone), and three possible structures of ORA2 (2-methoxy-1,4benzenediol or 4-methoxy-1,2-benzenediol or 4-methoxy-1,3-benzenediol). Their structures were elucidated by spectroscopic analysis. The acetone extract from the leaves and roots exhibited strong radical scavenging activity with IC₅₀ of 8.01 ± 0.29 and 9.81 \pm 0.09 μ g/mL, respectively. **OLA5** and **OLA10** exhibited strong and moderate antioxidative activity with IC₅₀ values of 11.88 \pm 0.06 and 33.45 \pm 1.45 μ M, respectively. In addition, all crude extracts exhibited weak to moderate antibacterial activities against gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria. OLA3 was found to

possess moderate activity against MRSA SK1 with an MIC value of 32 μ g/mL, whereas **OLA8** exhibited strong activity against *B. cereus* with an MIC value of 16 μ g/mL.



Keywords: Oroxylum indicum (L.) Vent./antibacterial/antioxidative